ORDINANCE BY THE RACINE COUNTY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND LAND USE PLANNING COMMITTEE TO AMEND SECTION 20-1 DEFINITIONS, SECTION 20-986(f) SITE RESTRICTIONS, SECTION 20-1113(b) PROJECTIONS INTO YARDS, SECTION 20-1118 ADJUSTMENT OF SHORE YARDS & SECTION 20-1120 AVERAGE STREET YARDS; CREATE SECTION 20-1226(14) USES PERMITTED CONDITIONALLY & SECTION 20-1337(6) RESIDENTIAL USES; REPEAL & RECREATE SECTION 20-1008 ACCESSORY USES & SECTION 20-1115 ACCESSORY REGULATIONS, OF CHAPTER 20, ZONING, RACINE COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES

To the Honorable Members of the Racine County Board of Supervisors:

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND that Certain Ordinance Entitled RACINE COUNTY ZONING ORDINANCE adopted December 2, 1969, found on pages 185 to 232 of the OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS OF THE RACINE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS FOR THE YEAR 1969 as recodified May 28, 1991, by Ordinance 91-196.

The Racine County Board of Supervisors ordains as follows: Amend the Racine County Ordinance as follows:

AMEND Sec.20-1. Definitions by adding the following in their proper alphabetic sequence:

Balcony shall mean a platform that projects from the wall of a building four (4) feet or less, is surrounded by a railing or balustrade, is open and roofless, and which is suspended or cantilevered from, or supported soley by, the structure to which it is attached.

Screening shall mean a method of visually shielding or obscuring one abutting or nearby structure or use from another by fencing, walls, berms, or densely planted vegetation.

 Off-road trail shall mean a new or existing trail made for the use of an off road vehicle(s) where a permanent and defined path has been created and/or where the landscape has been manipulated in such a manner as to create a path or ruts that may or may not include jumps, pits, hills, and/or berms.

 Off-road vehicle shall mean a motorized vehicle designed for use on a variety of non-improved surfaces including but not limited to, dune buggies, four-wheel drive vehicles, snowmobiles, all-terrain vehicles (ATV's), dirt bikes, mini bikes, motor bikes, mopeds and trail bikes. Agricultural equipment (such as farm tractors, seeders, combines, cultivators, etc.) used in the operation of a farm, garden tractors and riding lawnmowers are not a type of off-road vehicle.

In-law suite shall mean a physical arrangement of a dwelling unit in such a fashion that a separate living quarters is created within a dwelling unit for the sole purpose of allowing related persons to live in the secondary living area while that owner and his or her family resides in the principal living area. The secondary living area may contain a bedroom, bathroom and kitchenette which permit a limited degree of independence, but does not create a separate housekeeping entity.

Kitchen shall mean a place (such as a room) with cooking facilities including kitchen-type counters and/or cabinets, kitchen sinks, or any appliances for the preparation or preservation of food, including but not limited to, gas or electric ranges, ovens or stovetops, microwave ovens, refrigerators with more than five (5) cubic feet of capacity, or freezers.

Kitchenette shall mean a small kitchen or an alcove containing minimal cooking facilities.

AMEND Sec. 20-986(f) Site Restrictions as follows:

(f) Widths and area of all lots not served by a public sanitary sewer system or other sewage disposal system approved by that state agency having jurisdiction over the approval or disapproval of such system shall be sufficient to permit the use of an on-site soil absorption sewage disposal a private on-site wastewater treatment system (POWTS) designed in accordance with applicable state, and county and town sanitary regulations but in no case shall be less than one hundred fifty (150) feet in width and forty thousand (40,000) square feet in area, unless said lot width and area has been approved by the Economic Development and Land Use Planning Committee through the land division or conditional use process.

AMEND Sec. 20-1113(b) Projections into yards as follows:

(b) Architectural projections, such as chimneys, flues, sills, eaves, belt courses, and ornaments, decorative projections, lighting fixtures, balconies, and bay/bow windows, may project into any required yard; but such projection shall not exceed two (2) feet and bay/bow windows must be less than or equal to eight (8) feet wide.

CREATE Sec. 20-1226(14) Uses permitted conditionally to read as follows:

(14) Non-municipal, non-commercial off-road trails for off-road vehicles in the A-2 agricultural district subject to the following:

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a. The off-road trails shall be at least six hundred (600) feet from residential, institutional park and recreational park districts, and at least six hundred (600) feet from the nearest lot line in any other zoning district if there exists a legal public or semi-public use listed in Section 20-1336.

b. A detailed plan shall be presented showing the location of off-road trails and indicating speed limits and the posting thereof along with other warning and cautionary signs.

c. Noise, land disturbance, dust and safety issues must be addressed. In addition, a restoration plan must be in place if the landscape is altered.

d. The Economic Development and Land Use Planning Committee shall consider the effect of the proposed operation upon existing streets, neighboring development, proposed land use, drainage, soil erosion, and natural beauty.

e. The conditional use permit shall be valid for one (1) year. Renewal request shall be filed with the Planning and Development Department at least sixty (60) days prior to the expiration date.

f. Commercial off-road trails for off-road vehicles are prohibited in all but the B-3, B-4, B-5 and B-6 districts, pursuant to Sec. 20-1246(b).

g. Seasonal snowmobile trails mapped by the Racine County Alliance of snowmobile clubs and/or with oversite by the Racine County Public Works Department are exempt from the provision of this section.

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REPEAL & RE-CREATE Sec. 20-1008 Accessory uses to read as follows:

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Sec. 20-1008. Accessory uses and structures.

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Accessory uses and structures are permitted in any district, but not until their principal structure is present or under construction, except as provided in (b) below.

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Accessory structures may be permitted in the agricultural districts prior to the presence of the principal structure provided that the parcel on which the accessory structure will be located is ten (10) contiguous acres in size or larger, the accessory structure is intended for an agricultural use, the proposed accessory structure meets the setback requirements needed for a principal structure in that district, and the accessory structure is at least one hundred (100) feet from any existing residence on abutting parcels.

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(c) Accessory uses may include, but are not limited to, incidental repairs; incidental storage; parking areas; private swimming pools; private emergency shelters; and gardening. Examples of accessory structures (regardless of whether attached to a foundation) are barns, detached garages, playhouses, sheds, private greenhouses, gazebos, storage buildings, boathouses, wind energy facilities, swimming pool pump houses, and tower broadcast facilities.

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Servant's and itinerant agricultural laborer's quarters not for rent may be considered accessory uses, subject conditional use approval. In areas not served by public sanitary sewer, any added quarters must have Private Onsite Wastewater Treatment System (POWTS) sanitary approval prior to zoning permit These uses will also require a recorded deed restriction at the time of the filing of the zoning permit application indicating that the proposed use is associated with the principal use on the property, that the quarters are not for rent, that quarters are limited in area to the lesser of 800 square feet or 50% of the habitable floor area of the main residence, and that the structure with this use will be utilized as a single housekeeping entity and not as a multi-family dwelling. In addition, a detached accessory structure used for the above quarters must be located on the same property as the principal structure/use and comply with accessory structure setbacks, but in no case may be less than twenty-five (25) feet from a lot line.

(e) In-law suites (herein "suite") may be allowed as an accessory use to a single-family residence located in the R-1, R-2, R-2S, R-3A, R-4A, R-5, R-5A, A-1, A-2 and C-2 zoning districts, subject to the following:

 (1) Up to two (2) family members related by blood or marriage to the family occupying the principal structure may reside in the suite and must be allowed unrestricted access to the common areas of the dwelling.

(2) The suite shall not have separate gas, water, and/or electric meters (more than one meter per utility would constitute a multi-family dwelling unit, which is prohibited).

(3) The suite shall not be located in any detached accessory structure.

(4) The gross floor area of the suite shall not exceed 800 square feet (not including areas for common utilities such as water heater, furnace, etc.).

(5) The suite shall be connected to the main heated living area of the dwelling by way of common walls (the suite shall not be connected to the dwelling by a breezeway, garage, or corridor as this would constitute a multi-family dwelling unit and that is prohibited). A code-compliant suite may be located above a garage that is attached in its entirety to a single-family residence.

(6) There shall be only one address and one mailbox for the lot containing the residence and suite.

(7) The suite addition shall be constructed so as to be compatible and in harmony in terms of architecture, color, materials and texture with the exterior of the principal residence.

(8) In areas not served by public sanitary sewer, any suite that is added onto or created within an existing residence must have Private Onsite Wastewater Treatment System (POWTS) sanitary approval prior to zoning permit issuance.

(9) The suite shall have its principal means of access to the outdoors from the main dwelling unit via said dwelling unit's main exterior doorways (a sole segregated doorway from the suite to the outdoors would constitute a multi-family dwelling unit and that is prohibited).

- (10) The suite may have up to one bedroom, kitchenette, and bathroom, along with a sitting room or parlor.
- (11) There may be no more than one suite addition within or attached to a single-family residence.
- (12) Evidence of a recorded deed restriction will be required at the time of the filing of the zoning permit application that establishes that persons within the home are required to be living together in the dwelling as a single housekeeping entity, that the living area shall not be utilized as a two-family dwelling, and that the suite will be in compliance with Sec. 20-1008(e).
- (f) "A", "C-2" and "R" district residential accessory uses and structures shall not involve the conduct of any business, trade, or industry, except if allowed as a principal or conditional use, and as allowed in Sec. 20-1015 for storage of home occupation materials, which may not exceed two hundred (200) square feet of storage area for the home occupation.

REPEAL & RE-CREATE Sec. 20-1115 Accessory Uses to read as follows:

Sec. 20-1115. Accessory regulations.

- (a) Except for signs and towers for broadcast facilities and/or wind energy, which are regulated separately, any detached accessory structure less than thirty-six (36) square feet in area is exempt from the requirement for obtaining a zoning permit. In addition, any temporary, seasonal outdoor above-ground swimming pool, hot tub, or whirlpool bath that does not remain erected on the same lot for more than one hundred twenty (120) consecutive days is exempt from the requirement for obtaining a zoning permit.
- (b) Detached accessory structures shall not be closer than ten (10) feet to the principal structure; not closer than three (3) feet to a side or rear lot line if less than seven hundred twenty (720) square feet in footprint area or five (5) feet to a side or rear lot line if ≥ 720 square feet in footprint area; not closer than five (5) feet to an alley line; shall not exceed seventeen (17) feet in height; and are permitted in the rear and side yards only, except as follows:
- (1) Within the shoreland area, accessory structures are permitted in the street yard portion of waterfront lots provided that they are not placed within the required minimum street yard setback and provided that the principal and accessory structure's street yard setbacks are within seventy-five (75) feet of each other.

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- (2) For lots with multiple street yards and no defined rear yard area, accessory structures are permitted in the street yard portion of the secondary or non-access street provided that they are not placed within the minimum required street yard setback and provided that the principal and accessory structure's street yard setbacks are within seventy-five (75) feet of each other.
- (3) Accessory structures may be placed in the street yard portion of a lot if the street yard setback of a principal structure exceeds the required setback for the particular district in question, provided that the street yard setback of the accessory structure is not less than the required setback for the district or the average street yard setback of principal structures on abutting parcels, if any, whichever is greater and provided that the principal and accessory structure's street yard setbacks are within seventy-five (75) feet of each other. On vacant parcels, the minimum setback may be used for averaging.
- (4) Accessory structures located in the R-1 district and other non-"R" districts are limited in height to that listed for the principal structures in those districts, but shall not exceed in height twice their distance from the nearest lot line. A greater height may be approved through a site plan review process and as allowed in Sec. 20-1111.
- (5) Any portion of an accessory structure placed or constructed in a side yard area of a nonconforming principal structure shall not encroach into the minimum required street and/or shore yard setback.
- (6) Tower broadcast facilities and wind energy facilities restrictions may be found in Art. X and XI, respectively.
- (c) For all residential "R" district accessory structures, and residential accessory structures associated with a nonconforming use in any other district, there shall be no more than three (3) detached accessory structures allowed per lot, and the aggregate total footprint area shall not exceed the following square footage for the stated lot size, exclusive of road right-of-way:

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Lot Size / Accessory Structure(s) Maximum Aggregate Total 4 Footprint Area 5

- < 20,000 square feet lot = 950 square feet
- ≥ 20,000 square feet to < 1 acre lot = 1,200 square feet
- 1 acre to < 2 acre lot = 1,450 square feet
- 2 acre to < 3 acre lot = 1,700 square feet
- 3 acre to < 4 acre lot = 1,950 square feet
- 4 acre to < 5 acre lot = 2,200 square feet
- > 5 acre lot = the greater of 2,200 square feet or one (1) percent of lot area

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Note: A greater amount of square footage per lot size may be allowed if approved as part of a conditional use permit or site plan review when needed as an integral part of the plan of operation and where said structure(s) is used solely accessory to the permitted conditional use on said lot. addition, the aggregate total amount of accessory structures on an R-1 zoned lot will be allowed to exceed the above allowable square footage per lot size, up to three (3) percent of the total lot area.

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The aggregate total footprint area for all non-"R" district accessory structures (see above for residential accessory nonconforming use) shall not exceed three (3) percent of the total lot area, except as follows:

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On all "A" district or C-2 zoned parcels, ten (10) acres or (1)more in area, the aggregate total footprint area of all accessory structures may not exceed five (5) percent of the total lot area when the principal use is for the pursuit of farming and related agricultural uses.

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(2) A greater amount of square footage per lot size may be allowed if approved as part of a conditional use permit or site plan review when needed as an integral part of the plan of operation and where said structure(s) is used solely accessory to the permitted principal or conditional use on said lot.

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(e) Where an accessory structure is permanently attached to the principal structure by a roof or wall-to-wall, such accessory structure shall be considered as a part of the principal structure. Decks, stairs and landings that abut a principal structure, whether or not physically attached, and outdoor swimming pools, hot tubs or whirlpools on top of, within, or immediately abutting such shall be considered to be part of the principal structure and principal structure setbacks would apply for required setbacks except where Section 20-1113, 20-1118, and 20-1120 setbacks apply. Attachments which are cosmetic such as a fence, trellis, sidewalk or patio less than six (6) inches from grade are not considered an attachment.

AMEND Sec. 20-1118 Adjustment of shore yards to read as follows:

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Sec. 20-1118. Adjustment of shore yards.

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Shore yards may be reduced to the average of the shore yards existing on the abutting properties within a straight-line distance of one hundred (100) feet, excluding highway right-of-way or road easements, of the subject site but shall not be reduced to less than fifty (50) feet. Only principal structures on abutting lots within one hundred (100) straight-line feet of the proposed structure may be used for averaging. Any existing uncovered and/or unenclosed portion of a principal structure, such as deck or covered porch, can only be used for averaging with a similar uncovered and/or unenclosed portion of a proposed structure. abutting lot is vacant or the existing principal structures are greater than one hundred (100) feet from the proposed structure, seventy-five (75) feet shall be used for averaging purposes. principal structure on an abutting lot within one hundred (100) feet is greater than the required minimum shore yard setback, the actual setback shall be used for averaging. On substandard lots, fifty (50) feet is used as the minimum setback for averaging purposes.

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AMEND Sec. 20-1120. Average street yards to read as follows:

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Sec. 20-1120. Average street yards.

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The street yard may be increased or decreased in any residential or business district to the average of the existing street yards of the abutting structures on each side. However, in no case may the street yard be decreased to less than the district minimum setback or minimum substandard lot setback, whichever applies. principal structures on abutting lots within one hundred (100) straight-line feet of the proposed structure may be used for averaging. Any existing uncovered and/or unenclosed portion of a principal structure, such as deck or covered porch, can only be used for averaging with a similar uncovered and/or unenclosed portion of a proposed structure. If an abutting lot is vacant or the existing principal structure is greater than one hundred (100) feet from the proposed structure, the minimum required setback for the district may be used or the minimum substandard setback may be used when said abutting lot is a substandard lot.

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CREATE Sec. 20-1337(6) Residential uses to read as follows:

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Sec. 20-1337(6) Residential uses

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51 52 Servant's quarters not for rent in any district that allows residential development as a principal use; itinerant agricultural laborer's quarters not for rent in any agricultural district.

JUNE 12, 2007

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FISCAL NOTE - NOT APPLICABLE