#### **ORDINANCE NO. 2007-165**

# ORDINANCE BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE TO REPEAL AND RECREATE CHAPTER TWO ARTICLE VI OF THE RACINE COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, CODE OF ETHICS

To the Honorable Members of the Racine County Board of Supervisors:

The Racine County Board of do ordain as follows:

#### Part 1

Chapter 2 Article VI of the Racine County Code of Ordinances is repealed and recreated as follows:

#### **ARTICLE VI. CODE OF ETHICS\***

\*State law references: Code of ethics, W.S.A., § 19.41 et seq.; authority to adopt, W.S.A., § 19.59.

#### Sec. 2-420. Authority.

This ordinance is enacted under the authority of section 19.59, Wisconsin Statutes.

# Sec. 2-421. Declaration of policy.

High moral and ethical standards among county public officials are essential to the conduct of free government. The Board of Supervisors believes that a code of ethics for the guidance of county public officials will help them avoid conflicts between their personal interests and their public responsibilities, improve standards of public service and promote and strengthen the faith and confidence of the people of this county in their county public officials. In recognition of these goals, the county establishes this code of ethics and intends that it apply to county elected officials, appointed employees, and appointed members of boards, commissions, committees and panels, hereinafter collectively referred to as public officials. The purpose of this code is to establish guidelines for ethical standards of conduct to assist public officials in avoiding those acts or actions that are incompatible with the best interests of county government by directing disclosure of private interests in matters affecting the county.

The County Board recognizes that the public officials of the county are drawn from society and, as such, cannot and should not be without all personal and economic interests in the decisions and policies of public government. It further recognizes that citizens who serve as county public officials retain their rights as citizens to interests of a personal and economic nature. The standards of ethical conduct for county public officials need to distinguish between those minor and inconsequential conflicts that are unavoidable in a free society and those conflicts that are substantial and material. Public officials may engage in employment, professional, business or investment activities, other than official duties, in order to support themselves or their families, provided they do not conflict with the provisions of this code.

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It is intended that this code shall apply to all persons whose functions require the exercise of discretion and judgment. Nothing contained herein is intended to deny to any individual, rights granted by the United States Constitution, the Wisconsin Constitution, and the laws of Wisconsin or by labor agreements negotiated with bargaining representatives. This code will in no way contravene the authority vested in the elected constitutional officers of the county under their respective state statutes. Amendments to this article enacted March 25, 2008 are to apply prospectively.

#### Sec. 2-422. Definitions.

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

 Anything of Value means any money or property, favor, service, payment, advance, forbearance, loan or promise of future employment, including, without restriction by enumeration, tickets, passes, lodging, travel, recreational expenses, and admission offered and provided by persons doing business, or interested in doing business with the county. "Anything of value" does not include compensation and expenses paid by the county; honoraria; political contributions that are reported under Chapter 11, Wis. Stat.; unsolicited promotional advertising of nominal value; hospitality extended for a purpose unrelated to county business by a person other than an organization; and business related seminars, trade shows or other training related activities.

Associated when used with reference to an organization, includes any organization in which an individual or a member of his or her immediate family is a director, officer or trustee or owns or controls, directly or indirectly at least ten (10) percent or greater interest of the outstanding equity.

Board means the ethics board created by this code of ethics.

Candidate for County Elective Office means any individual who files a declaration of candidacy (declaration of intent) and nomination papers or any individual who is nominated for the purpose of appearing on the ballot for election as a county public official through the write-in process, or any individual whose nomination of appointment to county elective office is pending.

Confidential Information means written material or oral information related to county government that is not otherwise subject to the open records law and that is designated by statute, ordinance, court decision, lawful order, or custom as confidential.

Conflict of Interest means a public official's action or failure to act in the discharge of his or her official duties that could reasonably be expected to produce or assist in producing a substantial economic or personal benefit for such official, his or her immediate family or an organization with which he or she is associated.

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Financial Interest means any interest that will yield, directly or indirectly, a monetary or material benefit to the official.

 Gift means the payment or receipt of anything of value without valuable and sufficient consideration. Substantial means value in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100).

Honorarium means any lodging, transportation, money or other thing with a combined pecuniary value that does not exceed \$100 and that was incurred or received primarily for the benefit of the county for a published work or for the presentation of a talk or participation in a meeting, excluding the value of food or beverage offered coincidentally with a talk or meeting

*Immediate Family* means a county official's husband, wife or legal dependent for tax purposes.

*Income* means gross income from whatever source derived as provided under section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Official means any person holding an elective office or appointed by the County Executive or the Board of Supervisors chairperson and approved by the Racine County Board of Supervisors.

Organization refers to all corporations, partnerships, proprietorships, franchises, associations, trusts, and other legal entities regardless of form or tax status, except governments and individual people.

*Person* means any natural person, corporation, partnership, proprietorship, firm, enterprise, franchise, association or organization, joint venture, trust, or other legal entity recognized as such by the laws of the state.

Security has the meaning given under W.S.A., § 551.02(13)(a), except it does not include certificates of deposit in a bank, savings and loan, credit union or similar association organized under the laws of any state or the federal government.

Valuable and Sufficient Consideration means payment or compensation of an amount equivalent to the actual value of any item or service received. If the actual value cannot be determined, payment or compensation of a reasonable value is acceptable. (Code 1975, § 17.02; Ord. No. 2002-21, pt. 1, 6-25-02)

#### Sec. 2-423. Standards of conduct and specific conflicts of interest.

(a) Standard. Public officials are agents of public purpose and hold office for the benefit of the public. They are bound to uphold the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin and to carry out impartially the laws of the nation, state and county. They must observe, in their official acts, the highest standards of ethics and discharge faithfully the duties of their office, regardless of personal consideration.

 (b) Economic and Personal Gain. No public official shall engage in any business or transaction or shall act in regard to economic or personal interest, direct or indirect, in a manner that is incompatible with the proper discharge of his or her official duties or that would tend to impair his or her independence of judgment or action in the performance of his or her official duties. This section is not intended to interfere with public officials having duties or employment in addition to those related to the county, provided those duties or employment do not cause violations of this code of ethics and are disclosed in the annual Statement of Economic Interest.

(c) Gifts. No county public official may solicit or accept from any person, directly or indirectly, anything of value if it could reasonably be expected to influence his or her official action or inaction or could reasonably be considered as a reward or compensation for any official action or inaction on the part of the public official. This provision does not prohibit a public official from accepting complimentary tickets or invitations to dinners and similar functions when invited in his or her official capacity.

(d) Contracts. No county public official shall, negotiate, bid or knowingly participate in the making of a contract, lease or any procurement involving county funds, in which he or she has a private financial interest, unless the public official has first made written disclosure of the nature and extent of such interest to the County Clerk and the transaction has been reported to and approved by the Finance and Human Resources Committee. Any contract or lease entered into in violation of this subsection may be voided by the county. All relevant competitive bidding requirements set out in Chapter 7 of the Racine County Code of Ordinances shall also be conditions precedent to a valid contract or lease under this subsection. This provision intends to comply with and in no way contradicts the guidelines set out in sec. 946.13, Wis. Stat.

(e) Incompatible Employment. No public official shall engage in or accept private employment or render service for private interest when such employment or service is in conflict with the proper discharge of his or her official duties or would tend to impair his or her independence of judgment or action in the performance of his or her official duties unless otherwise permitted by law. This subsection does not otherwise prohibit a public official from engaging in outside employment or investment.

(f) Use and Disclosure of Confidential Information. No public official shall knowingly use confidential information for actual or anticipated personal gain or for the actual or anticipated gain of any other person. Nor shall a public official, without proper legal authorization, disclose confidential information gathered in the course of public employment to an unauthorized person.

(g) *Unfair Persuasion*. No public official may use or attempt to use his or her public position to influence or gain unlawful benefits, advantages, or privileges for himself or herself or others.

(h) Use of Public Property or Services. No public official shall request to use or knowingly permit the use of county property or services for non-authorized nongovernmental purposes or for personal profit, except when such services or property are available to the general public.

(i) Issuance of Permits. No public official empowered to issue a discretionary permit pursuant to either state or local laws or regulations shall issue any such permit to himself or herself or to any member of that public official's immediate family without first revealing in writing the request for such permit to that person's immediate supervisor or to the County Board committee that regulates the subject of such permit.

(j) Financial Interest In Legislation. A public official who has a private financial interest in any proposed action before the County Board shall disclose the nature and extent of such interest to the County Clerk and the County Board prior to or during the formal consideration of such action. When a matter in which a public official should not participate comes before a board, commission, or other body of which the public official is a member, he or she should leave that portion of the body's meeting involving discussion, deliberations, or votes related to that matter and ask that the body's minutes reflect his or her absence. The body's remaining members may review the matter and take whatever action they find appropriate.

(k) Political Activity.

(1) Public officials may engage in political activity provided that such activity does not interfere with the performance of their duties and does not involve the use of County equipment or property. Public officials are specifically prohibited from directly or indirectly coercing any person to withhold or contribute monetary or other types of assistance to any political candidate, party or purpose.

(I) Post-employment.

(1) No former county public official, for twelve (12) months following the date on which he or she ceases to be a county public official, may, for compensation, on behalf of any person other than a governmental entity, make any formal or informal appearance before or try to settle or arrange a matter by calling, writing, or conferring with, any officer or employee of the department with which he or she was associated as a county public official.

 (2) No former county public official, for twelve (12) months following the date on which he or she ceases to be a county public official, may for compensation on behalf of any person other than a governmental entity, make any formal or informal appearance before, or try to settle or arrange a matter by calling, writing, or conferring with, any officer or employee of a department in connection with any judicial or quasi-judicial proceeding, application, contract, claim, or charge which might give rise to a judicial or quasi-judicial proceeding in which the former county public official participated personally and substantially in his or her former official capacity.

 (3) The ethics board may accept and review written requests by former county public officials to be exempt from the prohibitions of subsection (L). Such exemption must be in a written ethics board opinion stating the reason(s) that the former public official should be exempt from the otherwise prohibited conduct.

# Sec. 424. Action Upon Conflict of Interest or Potential Conflict of Interest.

(a) Any elected county public official who, in the discharge of his or her official duties, is involved in or is about to be involved in any matter that could result in a breach of this code on his or her part, shall prepare a written statement describing such matter and the nature of the possible breach. This statement shall be delivered to the County Clerk for transmittal to the ethics board for the ethics board review and recommendation. However, in the case of department heads or others appointed by the County Executive, the written statement shall be delivered the County Clerk and to the County Executive. The county public official is to withdraw from any further participation in the matter and any related activity that is the subject of or may cause the potential breach unless corrective action is taken or until final disposition by the ethics board.

 (b) Non-county government employment that may be related to the public official's county duties and membership in social, political, fraternal, charitable, or religious organizations is not prohibited. However, it is the responsibility of the public official to ensure that such other employment or membership does not conflict or interfere with the complete and proper discharge of his or her duties for the county. Any such other employment or membership that could potentially lead to a conflict situation should be presented in writing to the ethics board and in the case of department heads, also to the County Executive.

(c) It is evidence sufficient to establish a fact of intent to comply with the code of ethics when a county public official reports a potential breach of the code to the ethics board and then complies with any written recommendation of the board.

(d) A county public official may request of the ethics board an advisory opinion on the application of this chapter to a given set of factual or hypothetical circumstances, or the board may render such an opinion on its own motion. Assistance in preparing the solicited opinion may come from either the corporation counsel or retained counsel.

(e) Neither the County Clerk, nor member of the board or staff assigned to the board may make public the identity of the individual requesting an advisory opinion or of any individual or organization referred to in the opinion.

#### Sec. 2-425. Financial disclosure.

(a) Officials. The following county public officials shall file with the County Clerk a statement of economic interest meeting each of the requirements of section 2-426 during the month of December of each year: any person holding a county elective office and any person who is a county department head appointed by the County Executive. The County Clerk shall mail the statement of economic interest form to county officials who are required to file a statement of economic interest on or about December first of each year. The clerk shall also include a notice to complete and return the form by the January 1<sup>st</sup>. All officials who receive the form and notice shall complete and return the form by January 1<sup>st</sup>.

 (b) Candidates. A candidate for county elective office shall file with the County Clerk, a statement of economic interest which meets the requirements of section 2-426 no later than 5:00 p.m. on the third business day following the deadline for filing nomination papers for the office which the candidate seeks. The County Clerk shall provide the candidate with the statement form at the time he/she files the nomination papers. (Code 1975, § 17.06; Ord. No. 2002-21, § pt. 2, 6-25-02)

#### Sec. 2-426. Economic interest statement.

 (a) Form and content. Every statement of economic interest form required to be filed under this Code may be obtained from the County Clerk, shall be in the form prescribed at the end of this article and shall contain the following information applicable as of the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the month preceding the month in which the statement is filed:

(1) Business ownership. The identity of every business organization with which the official or his immediate family is associated and the nature of his association.

(2) Securities. The identity of every organization in which the official or immediate family own, directly or indirectly, securities which amount to a more than five (5) percent ownership or control of the organization.

(3) *Debts.* The name of any creditor to whom the official or his immediate family owes five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) or more.

 (4) Real property. The real property located in this state (other than the principal residence) in which the official or his immediate family holds an interest of ten (10) percent or more or is greater than an equity value of \$5,000 and the nature of the interest held.

(5) *Income.* The identity of each source from which the official or his immediate family received one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) or more of his income for the preceding taxable year. If the official who is required to file or a member of his or her immediate family received \$1,000 or more of his/her income for the preceding taxable year from any business entity formed under Chapter 180, Wisconsin Statutes that they have a 10% or greater interest or from a sole proprietorship that was reported on that year's income tax return, the official need only identify the general nature of said business. In addition, no identification need be made of payers from which dividends or interest is received.

 (6) Gifts. The identity of each person from which the individual received any gift worth more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) within the preceding taxable year. However, a gift need not be identified from a parent, grandparent, child, grandchild, brother, sister, parent-in-law, grandparent-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew, spouse, fiancé, fiancée.

 (b) Reporting amounts. Whenever a dollar amount is required to be reported pursuant to this section, it is sufficient to report whether the amount is less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) or more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00).

(c) Retention of statements. The County Clerk shall preserve the statements of economic interest filed with it for a period of six (6) years from the date of receipt in any form as will facilitate document retention, except that:

(1) Public Officials. Upon the expiration of three (3) years after the individual ceases to be a county public official, the County Clerk shall, unless the former county public official otherwise requests, destroy any statement of economic interest, including all copies, filed by him/her.

(2) Candidates. Upon the expiration of three (3) years after any election at which a candidate for county public office was not elected, the County Clerk shall destroy any statement of economic interest, including all copies, filed by him, unless the individual continues to hold another position for which he is required to file a statement, or unless the individual otherwise requests.

- (d) *Index.* The County Clerk shall compile and maintain an index to all statements of economic interest to facilitate public access to such statements of economic interest.
- (e) *Public inspection.* The County Clerk shall make statements of economic interest available for public inspection and copying during regular office hours at a charge that is usual and customary for the County Clerk. County Clerk shall make statements available upon request to the auditor retained by the County to perform the annual audit.

(f) Official's right to be informed. The County Clerk shall report, in writing, the full name and address of any individual and the individual's attorney, if applicable, who copies or inspects a statement of economic interest to the individual who filed it as soon as possible. This notice applies for all inspections with the exception of the request made by the auditor retained by the County to perform the annual audit. (Code 1975, § 17.07)

### Sec. 2-427. Penalties for failure to timely file economic interests.

(a) Candidates. The County Clerk shall omit the name of any candidate from an election ballot who has not timely filed his/her statement of economic interest with the County Clerk in accordance with this article.

(b) Officials. The County Treasurer shall withhold the salary and compensation of any kind from any county official who is required to file a statement of economic interest and who fails to file in accordance with the requirements of this article. Officials are also subject to penalties under section 2-432. Salary and expenses so withheld shall be paid over to the affected official or employee upon compliance with this ordinance.

(c) *Notice*. Any official or employee or candidate subject to a penalty under subsections (a) or (b) of this section shall first be given a notice by the County Clerk that the required filing has not been made. Such notice shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the violator's last known address and shall allow the official or employee, within the thirty (30) day period from date of receipt, an opportunity to meet the requirements of this ordinance without penalty. However, candidates will not be included on the ballot during the period allowed to correct or comply with the filing, until the statement is properly filed.

#### Sec. 2-428. Ethics board.

(a) Created. There shall be created an ethics board to consist of seven (7) members and one (1) alternate. All members and the alternate member shall be residents of the county and shall not be county public officials during the time of their appointment. The members are vested with the administration and civil enforcement of this article. The board may issue subpoenas, administer oaths and investigate any violation of this article

on its own motion or upon complaint by any person. The Office of Corporation Counsel shall provide legal advice, clerical service and assistance to the board.

 (b) Composition, appointment of members. Four members shall be appointed by the County Executive and three members and the alternate member shall be appointed by the County Board Chair. All appointments to the ethics board shall be approved by the Board of Supervisors. The members shall be compensated for all necessary expenses incurred in performing their duties as members of the ethics board.

(c) Quorum. A quorum of the ethics board shall be five (5) members. A majority vote of the members of the board appointed shall be required for any affirmative action taken or determination made by the board.

(d) Terms of office. The terms of office shall be for three (3) years, except that when the board is reconfigured and new appointments are made, two (2) members shall be appointed for one (1) year and two (2) for two (2) years and three (3) members for three (3) years. The alternate shall serve on the board when one (1) of the members of the board is unavailable and the alternate's term shall be three (3) years. A chairman of the ethics board shall be elected at the inaugural meeting and annually thereafter by the members of the board. In the event that a member of the board does not serve his/her full term, a new member will be appointed in the same manner and shall serve the balance of the term.

(e) Violation of article. If a member of the ethics board is charged with violating this article, he/she shall abstain from all action related to the charge. The alternate member shall serve in place of the abstained member.

(f) Statements of economic interest to be filed. All members and employees of the board shall file statements of economic interest with the County Clerk pursuant to section 2-426.

(g) Forms to be made available. Under direction of the board, the County Clerk shall prescribe and make available forms for use under this chapter, other than the statement of economic interest form prescribed by this article.

# Sec. 2-429. Complaints.

(a) *Procedure.* The ethics board shall act upon the alleged violations of this article according to the following procedures and any others that the board may adopt:

 (1) Official request. Any county public official may request the board to investigate his/her own conduct or allegations made by others regarding his or her conduct. Such a request shall be detailed in writing and shall set forth the particulars thereof.

- (2) Filing. The ethics board shall accept from any identified person a verified complaint in writing that states the name of the public official alleged to have committed a violation of this code of ethics and that shall set forth the specifics thereof.
- (3) Limitation of action. No action may be taken on any complaint filed later than three (3) years after an alleged violation of this article.
- (4) Board action. The board shall, within ten (10) days of the filing of a complaint under subsection (a)(2) of this section, forward a copy of the complaint to the accused public official and the corporation counsel.
- a. If the board determines that the verified complaint does not allege facts sufficient to constitute a violation of the code of ethics, it shall dismiss the complaint and notify the complainant and the accused. If the board determines that the verified complaint was frivilous, the board shall so state.
- b. If the board determines that the verified complaint alleges facts that provide a reasonable basis to constitute a violation of the code of ethics or that an investigation of a possible violation is warranted, it may make an investigation with respect to any alleged violation after notifying the accused public official in writing. Such notice shall state the nature and purpose of the investigation and the actions or activities to be investigated and the public official's due process rights.

#### Sec. 2-430. Investigations.

Pursuant to any investigation or hearing conducted under this article, the board has the authority:

- (a) To require any person to submit in writing such reports and answers to questions relevant to the proceedings conducted under this article as the board may prescribe, such submission to be made within such period and under oath or otherwise as the board may determine.
- (b) To administer oaths and to require by subpoena issued by it the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any documentary evidence relating to the investigation or hearing being conducted. Issuance of a subpoena requires action by the board in accordance with sec. 2-428(c).
- (c) To order testimony to be taken by deposition before any individual who is designated by the board and has the power to administer oaths, and, in such instances, to compel testimony and the production of evidence in the same manner as authorized by sub. b above.

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(d) To pay witnesses the same fees and mileage as are paid in like circumstances by the courts of this state.

- (e) To request and obtain from the Department of Revenue copies of state income tax returns and access to other appropriate information under sec. 71.78(4), Wis. Stat.; regarding all persons who are the subject of such investigation.
- (f) To retain outside counsel and other experts as needed after solicitation of recommendations from the Office of Corporation Counsel and upon such contract for services approved for content and form by the corporation counsel.

#### Sec. 2-431. Procedure When Probable Cause Exists

- (a) If after investigation the board finds that probable cause exists for believing the allegation of the complaint, then not later than thirty (30) business days after such finding is made the board shall announce that it will conduct a hearing. The board shall give the complainant and the accused at least twenty (20) business days notice of the hearing date. The board may designate Corporation Counsel or outside counsel to act as prosecutor of the complaint. Pursuant to §19.85, Wis. Stat., the hearing shall be closed to the public unless the accused requests that it be opened.
  - (b) The rules of civil procedure shall apply to such hearings.
- (c) All evidence, including certified copies of records and documents which the board considers, shall be fully offered and made part of the record of the case. The evidence presented shall be limited to the scope of the charge made in the complaint. The board shall not be bound by the rules of evidence for trial, but it shall admit all evidence having reasonable probative value so long as it relates to the scope of the charges(s) made in the complaint and shall exclude immaterial, irrelevant or unduly repetitious testimony.
- (d) Every party shall be offered, during all stages of any investigation or proceeding conducted under this code of ethics, adequate opportunity to rebut or offer countervailing evidence.
- (e) The accused or his or her representative shall have an adequate opportunity to examine all documents and records to be used at a hearing under this section at a reasonable time prior to the date of the hearing.
- (f) During the hearing the parties shall have the opportunity to present witnesses, confront and cross-examine adverse witnesses, and establish all pertinent facts.

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- (g) The burden of proving the violation(s) alleged in the complaint shall be on the complainant. Violations shall be proved by evidence that is clear, satisfactory and convincing.
- (h) All proceedings held before the board involving an alleged violation of this article shall be reported by either a certified court reporter or an electronic recording device, meaning a verbatim record shall be made and kept.
- (i) The board shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses and to issue subpoenas as granted to other boards and commissions under sec. 885.01(3), Wis. Stat.

# Sec. 2-432. Findings of fact and conclusions of law; orders and recommendations; penalties.

- (a) Within five (5) business days of the conclusion of the hearing, the board shall file its written findings and recommendations signed by all participating board members, together with findings of fact and conclusions of law concerning the propriety of the conduct of the public official. If the board determines that no violation of the code of ethics has occurred, it shall dismiss the complaint, and if requested to do so by the accused, issue a public statement.
- (b) If after investigation and hearing, the ethics board determines that a violation of this chapter has occurred, its findings of fact and conclusion may contain one (1) or more of the following orders or recommendations:
  - (1) Supervisors. If the person found to have violated this article is an elected member of the Board of Supervisors, the board shall refer the matter to the Board of Supervisors for whatever action the Board of Supervisors deems appropriate under law. Pursuant to W.S.A., § 17.09, the Supervisor may be removed by the Board of Supervisors by a vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the members elected to the Board of Supervisors.
  - (2) Other elected officials. If the person found to have violated this article is an elected county official other than a member of the Board of Supervisors, the matter may be referred to the official or body with the authority to remove the official from office as provided in this Code or the state statutes. If none is designated by the Code or the state statutes, then the matter shall be referred to the Board of Supervisors.

(3) Appointed officials. If the person found to have violated this article is an appointed county official, the matter shall be referred to the official or body with the authority to remove the official from office as provided in this Code or the state statutes. If none is designated by the Code or the state statutes, then the matter shall be referred to the official or body who appointed the official to office.

(4) Board recommendations. The official or body to whom the decision of the ethics board is referred shall be guided by the recommendations of the ethics board but shall not be obliged to follow it.

(5) Other penalties. The above specifically enumerated penalties and sanctions shall not be construed to limit the authority of the ethics board or the county from imposing any additional penalties or sanctions. Any person found by the ethics board to have violated any portion of this article shall be subject to private reprimand, public reprimand, denial of salary or merit increase, suspension without pay, removal from employment or office in accordance with the provisions of the state statutes or other disciplinary actions pursuant to the recommendations of the ethics board and judgment of the official or body to whom the decision of the ethics board is referred under this section. Any action taken by a public official in violation of this code may be deemed void.

(6) *Modify Behavior*. An order requiring the accused to conform his/her conduct to this article.

 (7) Fine. An order requiring individuals who have been found to have violated the code of ethics to forfeit an amount not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each violation of this chapter. The Office of Corporation Counsel, when requested by the board, shall institute proceedings to recover any forfeiture incurred under this article that has not been paid by the individual against whom it was assessed.

(8) *Miscellaneous*. Any other recommendations or orders as may be necessary and appropriate to carry out the intent and purpose of this article.

# Sec. 2-433. Appeals Process.

(a) The accused public official shall have the right to a rehearing with the ethics board upon the service of a decision by the ethics board to the accused public official, and provided a request for rehearing is filed with the board within ten (10) business days of service. Only one (1) rehearing shall be granted by the board for each case. An application for rehearing is governed by such general rules as the board may establish. The rehearing will be done in closed session pursuant to sec. 19.85, Wis. Stat. within thirty (30) business

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days of the ethics board receiving the application for rehearing. The accused and the complainant will have a minimum of ten (10) business days notice prior to the hearing date. Both parties shall have the opportunity to present arguments to the ethics board. The rehearing shall become a matter of record.

#### Sec. 2-434. Standards of conduct statement.

 All county officials shall file with the County Clerk a standards of conduct statement meeting the requirements of section 2-435 prior to assuming their duties. All county officials who are required to file a statement of economic interest pursuant to section 2-426(a) shall file a standards of conduct statement with the County Clerk on an annual basis at the same time as they file the statement of economic interest. (Ord. No. 2002-58S, pt. 1, 7-23-02)

#### Sec. 2-435. Contents.

The standards of conduct statement shall contain in summary fashion the provisions of sections 2-421, 2-426 and 2-427 of this Code as well as W.S.A. § 19.59. The corporation counsel shall prepare said form which will be approved by the County Clerk who shall distribute forms to new appointees and shall retain said forms in the County Clerk's office.

(Ord. No. 2002-58S, pt. 1, 7-23-02)

	Respectfully submitted,
1st Reading	EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
2nd Reading	 Michael J. Miklasevich, Chairman
BOARD ACTION Adopted	Wildraci G. Wilklaseviori, Chairman
For Against	Robert N. Miller, Vice-Chairman
Absent	Peter L. Hansen, Secretary
VOTE REQUIRED: Majo	/
Prepared by: Corporation Counsel	Gilbert Bakke
	Russell A. Clark
	Mark M. Gleason

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